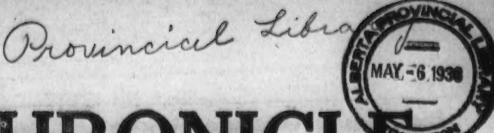


CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE



VOL. XXIII. No. 16

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, MAY 1st, 1930

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

The entire organization of the International Harvester Company in the three Western Provinces during the next three weeks is being devoted to the sale and demonstration of McCormick-Deering Cream Separators.

We know we have the easiest running separator on the market and we guarantee its work. If you have an old, out-of-date Cream Separator, don't waste your time and cream with it—your loss will soon pay for a McCormick Deering.

Come in and see them on the floor—try them out and we'll convince you that you cannot do without one if you milk from one to fifty cows.

350 lb. machine	92.50
500 lb. machine	104.50
750 lb. machine	117.50

Liberl Terms can be arranged

Wm. Laut

The Pioneer Merchant

Crossfield, Alta.

Come in let us Carbo-Solve Your Motor Guaranteed to Remove Carbon While You Sleep.

Have a Carbo-solve injector installed on your car at small cost and eliminate all carbon trouble.

50 per cent. More Power

It is equally effective on Tractors; so when your tractor starts to loose power Carbo-solve it over night and start off next morning with a clean motor.

After purchasing if not satisfied with results money will be refunded. Give it a trial—You have nothing to lose and everything to gain.

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Agents for:

British American Gasoline, Kerosene, Oils and Greases.
Phone 4 Crossfield, Alberta.

"Mixed Farming Pays Big Dividends"

These spring rains will show up the leaks in your roof; put the ground in good shape for digging postholes—and bring an army of mosquitoes and flies.

You are invited to visit our yards and inspect our stock of Ready Roofing, Shingles, Fence Posts and Pickets, Screen Doors and Windows; all of which are being offered at reasonable prices. Prompt and courteous service on all orders

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

May Chicks

For Winter Laying. They have the best of weather to mature in and no fear of winter moulting.

Custom Hatching \$5.00 per hundred

W. E. SPIVEY, Crossfield

The Crossfield Cash Store

R. O. P. Chicks

We are agents for the British Columbia Record of Performance Baby Chick Association and can take your orders and guarantee delivery for any breed of chicks you desire. In getting R. O. P. stock you are buying the Best. May is the best month to raise chicks. Order Now.

Gold Medal Chick Developer, \$3.75 per 100 lbs.

Phone 33

N. A. Johnson

Local Baseball Club Organize For 1930

On Monday evening about twenty baseball enthusiasts gathered at the Oliver Cafe to elect officers and make plans for the coming year.

President R. M. McCool occupied the chair and gave as far as possible the financial standing of the Club, which showed that when two outstanding accounts have been collected that the Club will have a slight balance to start off this season with.

The main topic of the evening was that of whether we should enter the Rosebud League again or not. After a lengthy discussion in which everyone present joined in, it was decided on motion of A. MacMillan and seconded Wm. Pogue that we join the Rosebud League. Carried unanimously.

Mr. McCool explained that a financial statement would be prepared and published, showing how the funds of last year had been expended.

The result of the election of officers: R. M. McCool, Hon. Pres.; President, A. MacMillan; Vice Pres., Ed. Meyers; Sec-Tres. W. H. Miller. Executive Committee to consist of the Hon. Pres., President, Vice-pres. Secretary, and A. A. Halliday.

Finance Committee: E. Bills, A. Cruckshank, Wm. Pogue. Grounds Committee: Ed Meyers with power to select his own committee.

Official scorer: M. R. McCool.

The president and secretary were authorized to sign cheques for the Club.

League representatives: Glen Williams and Mr. McCool.

Appointing of a manager and official umpire was left over until the next meeting.

We must have a manager at once, but there was not a man at the meeting who would tackle the job. Here's a golden opportunity for some one of our citizens to become a second John McGraw and reap the fame that goes with a manager's job, to say nothing of the grief.

Several pitchers will be given an opportunity to work out during the coming week and it is expected that last year's winners of the Rosebud League will be as strong as last year; providing that we can secure a capable manager, and that the citizens in general will receive Everett Bills with the string on the tobacco sack wide open, when he calls with the list.

League Meeting
Messrs. McCool and Williams attended the League meeting held at Olds last Thursday night. Mr. McCool gave a report of the meeting.

Red Deer has been dropped from the League, which should make it better for all concerned, as it does away with this long and expensive jump. Olds, Didsbury, Innisfail, Carstairs and Crossfield will comprise the league.

The Schedule Committee are now busy preparing the schedule which will be ready for publication next week.

The league will open on Monday, May 12th.

Our local representatives put up a strong argument before the league meeting and were successful in securing \$15.00 in cash for a game that Red Deer defaulted here last year. It is necessary for each team to put up \$15.00 deposit, which is guaranteed that they will play all scheduled games or their deposit goes to the club effected.

A town has no place for a knocker; a knocker is hardly a man without a country; but his country, his town, or his community has little use for him.

Provincial Election Thursday, June 19

In announcing the date of the provincial election on Thursday last, Premier Brownlee departed from accustomed procedure in that he did so prior to the sixth legislature being dissolved by proclamation of His Honor Lieutenant Governor Dr. William Egbert.

The reason for this was that the Premier in the Legislature had stated that if and when the government decided to call an appeal to the people, ample notice would be given to all.

It was with a view to giving the longest possible time to all concerned that his decision was communicated by long distance telephone to Hon. George Headley, acting premier.

The United Farmers of Alberta party had left the decision as to an election to him and him alone. He had gone to the coast for a week's holiday and there made his decision. In keeping with his promise he communicated it as early as possible to the general public.

The Dominion elections will be held on one or two dates, either August 23rd or September 3rd. K. A. Blatchford, M. P. for East Edmonton has made this announcement sometime ago and it may be assumed, fairly enough, that his announcement bears the stamp of approval. Specific dates are set. No doubt either one of these dates will be fixed upon.

Police Court

Ben Shundholm appeared before A. R. Binney, J. P. at Big Prairie on April 25 and pleaded not guilty to damage to property by riding a horse into the school house. He was found guilty, fined \$50 and costs. Constable Jarman prosecuting.

On April 29th, John Granlund appeared before Irv Lewis, Police Magistrate at Carstairs, charged with stealing five dollars in cash and a watch valued at \$5.00. Sentenced to thirty at Fort Saskatchewan.

Board of Trade Notes

E. Meyers and a gang of willing helpers erected the Board of Trade road sign on Monday on the U. F. A. property, south of town. Lloyd McRory, who has the contract for building the sign is now putting on the finishing touches. It's a swell sign folks. Go down and look it over.

Mark up one for the Board of Trade.

Mr. Meyers and committee are being congratulated on the work they have done in raising funds and making the erection of this sign possible.

The Board of Trade membership continues to climb and we have 110 paid-up members. The credit for this rapid growth is due to the untiring efforts of our energetic Vice-President, Mr. Thos. Innisfail, Carstairs and Crossfield will comprise the league.

The officers of the Board of Trade have many interesting topics under consideration, and the next meeting is looked forward to with interest.

The members of the Board of Trade are going to meet at the Park on Arbor Day, (May 5) and give the park a general clean-up. Don't forget the date.

Pete Goes Hay Wire

It is reported that Pete Gravel, who has been conducting a service station for the British American Oil Co at Olds, has left for parts unknown without bothering to square up his cash receipts with the Company.

WANTED—A manager for the Crossfield Baseball Club. Apply to A. MacMillan.

Flour Prices Down

98 lb. Apple Blossom Flour	-	\$4.20
48 lb. Apple Blossom Flour	-	2.15
24 lb. Apple Blossom Flour	-	1.10
10 lb. Whole Wheat Flour	-	.55
8 lb. Som-Mor Smiles	-	.60
7 lb. Som-Mor Pastry Flour	-	.45

This is a straight flour and sells for 50c per 98 lb. sack less than patent flour.

Crossfield District Co-Operative Association U. F. A. Limited

Get It at the Co-Op.

Crossfield

Service--

Whether it is vulcanizing a tire, re-charging a battery, changing oil, greasing the car, or any of the one dozen and one things that require attention this time of year, we are "Johnny on the Spot."

We Carry Oils, Greases and Gasoline

The Service Garage

W. J. WOOD

P.O. Box 77.

Phone 11.

MONEY TO LOAN AND PLENTY OF IT---on improved Farm Property

LOWEST CURRENT RATES
Many Attractive Plans of Mortgages

TREDAWAY & SPRINGSTEEN

Phone 3

Crossfield

No other Orange Pekoe can equal this in flavour



'Fresh from the gardens'

Cause For National Gratification

Profound satisfaction will be felt by the people of Western Canada, in common with the rest of the world, in the successful outcome of the Five Power naval conference in London, England. That satisfaction is all the greater, and the feeling of relief more pronounced, because of the many predictions freely made during the progress of the conference that its result would be nil, and quite abortive in the realization of the hopes in which it was born.

Because there were many conflicting viewpoints to be reconciled, many difficulties to be overcome, and the conference ran on month after month, the pessimists held an anxiously awaiting world that nothing would be accomplished because nothing could be; that the nations were still so suspicious of each other that they were afraid to disarm in even the slightest degree; that the old game was still being played with each nation trying to get some advantage at the expense of others.

But with the signing of an agreement by the three greatest naval powers, and acceptance of a portion of the agreement by the next two naval powers, the dire prophecies of the pessimists have been proved foundationless. Instead, the splendid optimism, the unfaltering patience and courage of Ramsay MacDonald have triumphed, and a great forward step taken along the road to permanent world peace.

After a world war lasting nearly four years, why should people have been disengaged in a series of failure because a period of three months was required in discussion of the many knotty problems confronting the naval conference before a solution was found?

The British Commonwealth of Nations, the United States of America, and the Empire of Japan have found themselves whereby they undertake to reduce their naval armament and expenditures and voluntarily impose restrictions on themselves. The number, size and armament of ships of war is limited. And who, a few short years ago would have imagined it possible, all five powers agree that information will be given to each by all the others "of vessels it is building" in replacement of obsolete, abandoned and destroyed ships. This is not preparation for war, but for the maintenance of peace.

But the great achievement of the conference is not to be found so much in the actual reductions decided upon, or the limitations of actions voluntarily assumed, as it is in the established fact that the policy of friendly association between nations has been given an impetus which will undoubtedly grow. This more than anything else must fill the world with hope for the future.

The conference has also established beyond all possibility of dispute that, no matter how far the leaders of a nation may be prepared to go in the matter of disarmament, they can only proceed as far as public opinion at home will support them in going. The belief is general that the conference would have gone to even greater lengths in disarmament had the various representatives there felt assured of support at home, and that their very willingness to make concessions would not be used to overthrow the whole project when referred for final ratification by their national assemblies.

The great lesson of the conference for all peace-loving people is, therefore, the vital necessity of an awakened and informed public opinion in every land on the awful subject of war and preparation for war, rather than preparation for peace. Once again has it been demonstrated by this naval conference that no Government can move very far in advancing of public opinion without having lendable money by the authority by which it is inspired or praiseworthy the object sought to be attained.

It is the rank and file, the great mass of the people who must become peace-minded. It is the masses who must be informed and taught to shed their suspicions and animosities. The more ardent advocates of peace the peoples of all nations become, the more quickly will their recognized leaders and responsible statesmen write those wishes into solemn agreements and binding treaties.

Canadians, perhaps more than any other people in the world, have cause for thankfulness and rejoicing in the reaching of a naval understanding between the British Commonwealth, the United States and Japan. We are part and parcel of the British Commonwealth, while our nearest neighbors are the United States and Japan. In the former we have much in common with whom we have had reason of our geographical position we must have ever increasing intercourse. Furthermore, any misunderstanding between the United States and Japan could hardly fail to react with injury to us. That all are in accord is cause for deep gratification in Canada.

Should Finish Studies In Canadian University

British Students Who Settle Here Would Find It Helpful

British students who wish to settle in Canada should complete their studies in Canada, according to the suggestion advanced by Dr. Cyril Norwood, headmaster of Harrow, and chief of the party of headmasters of British public schools who are now touring Canada.

Dr. Norwood has based his conclusions on a study of the Canadian universities the party visited in Quebec and the Maritimes. He hoped the future would see more Canadian students at Oxford, Cambridge and London, but felt the most important requisites for success in Canada was training in a Canadian university. There was a movement on foot he said, to make the University of London the research centre of the empire.

Iceland's foreign trade is increasing.

Headache

Let Minard's drive it away. Bathe the forehead. Also inhalation liniment, heated.



W. N. U. 1835

Queer Insects in Peru

Certain Type of Ant Is Used In Surgical Way

There are surgical ant martyrs in Peru. Advises from an expedition in the Field Museum tell that when a native of the equatorial forest is wounded, he gets a certain type of ant with powerful jaws. "The ant is made to bite several edges of skin and bring them together. The surgeon loses his life in healing."

After he bites his body is snipped off and his head with its death grip on the skin remains till the wound healed.

Heal the Sprain with Minard's.

Africa Has Aerial Studio

Plane Was Especially Built For Mapping Country

Built especially for the photographing of an area of 63,000 square miles in Northern Rhodesia, an airplane is soon to be put into commission. The machine is literally an aerial photographic studio. It can be flown at a height of 20,000 feet and remain at this altitude for seven and one-half hours, while the pilot and photographic equipment below. As soon as the flight will be over a wild country the plane has two engines so that if one fails the other will carry the machine to safety.

German scientists have succeeded in obtaining electric current from storm clouds in a Swiss mountain and controlling the sparks produced.

Seventy pieces of wood go into the making of a violin.

Discovery Of Danish Farmers

Sale Of Milk By the Foot Is a Possibility

Milk will shortly be on sale by the foot, following important experiments at a Danish farm.

It has been found that when the natural water is withdrawn from cows' milk the remaining pulpy substance can be rolled into sheets similar in appearance to paper.

Special machines have been made to carry out this rolling process on sanitary lines, and the milk becomes so highly concentrated that it is a food in itself.

When required in liquid form it is simply dissolved in boiling water and its strength gauged by the amount of water added.

Owes Her Health TO PINK PILLS

This Weak Anæmic Woman Now Rejoices In Health and Strength

This is a scientific fact that nearly all women that are weak are due to a lack of iron, thin blood. This anæmia is the one cause of low spirits and languor, the poor digestion, bronchitis, and aching backs that make life a burden for so many women. But suffering women could health all these symptoms by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for it is a known fact that these pills create an abundance of new rich blood in their system, and restore health.

The proof of these statements is given by Mrs. L. Deschenes, La Tuque, Que., who says: "Before taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I was in a bad way down condition. I appeared to be almost bloodless, had frequent headaches, and leave me breathless and worn out. My husband advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and got for me Williams' Pink Pills and for me noticed an improvement in my condition, and as I continued taking the pills my blood became better and I steadily gained weight. Now I really enjoy the best of health."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at all drug stores or they will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box by writing to Dr. Williams' Medical Co., Brockville, Ont.

Canada Has Exclusive Method

Quality Of Canned Goods Must Be Marked On Label

Canada is the only country in the world so far to require the quality of canned goods to be clearly marked on the label so that the housewife can buy with the assurance that she is getting a good standard product.

The provisions of the Meat and Canned Foods Act, administered by the Fruit Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, there are four quality grades: "Fancy," "Choice," "Standard," and "Second." "Always buy by the quality mark" is a slogan which can now be applied to home buying with a real value.

Persian Balm is unscented for preventing feminine levelling. Tones and rejuvenates the skin. Makes it exquisitely soft-textured. Makes hands dawdlessly white. Especially recommended for sooty, heavily-tinted hands or chafed caused by weather conditions. Indispensable to every woman. Cool and refreshing. Delicately fragrant. Magical results. Never leaves a stain or streak of staining. Persian Balm is the one toilet requisite for the woman who cares for charm and elegance.

Canada's Forest Area

The total forest area of Canada is estimated to be 1,151,454 square miles. Of this area, 565,820 square miles are productive and accessible; a little over one third of this area bears timber of merchantable size; the remainder carries young growth not yet fit for use.

A railroad in Japan provides class sleeping cars for its poorer patrons.

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As soon as the flight will be over a wild country the plane has two engines so that if one fails the other will carry the machine to safety.

German scientists have succeeded in obtaining electric current from storm clouds in a Swiss mountain and controlling the sparks produced.

Seventy pieces of wood go into the making of a violin.

It is the truth that the mother transmits mentality, then the Cecil and Churchill men must have an uncanny habit of selecting unusual wives.

Established a Record

Thirty-two years on a water wagon is a record of civic service which will take some beating, and when there is added to that a service of over 29 years, as driver of the town's fire team, during which he missed only one fire, and the record of John Tozer of Port Hope, Ont., seems to be complete.

Chicken Cannery

The construction of a \$25,000 chicken cannery to be operated in connection with the B.C. Egg Poultry and other poultry raising concerns of the Fraser Valley, is planned for New Westminster. It will be a private venture.

One of the most thrilling drives in

the mountains of Western Canada is along the new motor road to the top of Mount Revelstoke, in Mount Revelstoke National Park, a reservation of 100 square miles in British Columbia.

The polar bear has hair on the soles of his feet, which helps it to avoid slipping on the ice.

Minard's Checks Falling Hair.

Do Your Ears Buzz With Loud Noises?

This is an infallible sign of Catarrh, and if not checked may result in partial deafness. The simplest remedy is CATARHOZONE — intake daily, and it prevents Catarrh from spreading. Head noises, buzzing and ringing in the ears are soon corrected by CATARHOZONE. Noise-discharges are stopped. Sore, inflamed crusts are healed. Sticking mucous which drops back from the nose to the stomach does away with. Headaches disappear. The breath is purified. You will be free from colds, coughs, sore throats, and catarrh.

Two months' treatment \$1.00; small size, 50c. At all dealers.

Boosting For Canada

Many Cities in Britain Have Held "Canada Week"

There has not been much said in Canadian newspapers about the city of Bristol's "Canada Week," and the event should have been taken more notice of than it was.

Bristol is a city of 400,000 people.

There is a campaign for "Canada Week,"

which consisted of a campaign for the buying of goods made in Canada.

Pages of newspaper advertising

space, posters, window displays of

Canadian merchandise, and other

forms of publicity were given to our

products, and the cumulative results

must have meant the selling of many

thousands of dollars worth of goods,

besides the value of introducing

lines of Canadian goods to Bristol

purchasers for the first time.

Glasgow has a campaign of over

a million, and several other big cities,

have held "Canada Weeks," and Cana-

dens must have derived a large

amount of permanent benefit from

what we are becoming accepted as

standard fees.

"But we could do something that we did. We scaled the fee in accordance with the patient's means. And we gave the same treatment to the man without a cent that we give to the millionaire."

A man's financial standing has nothing to do with the treatment he gets from us.

But it has everything to do with what we charge him.

Such gestures of goodwill deserve the practical approval of Canadians.

There is a great deal more to be done,

but the English market is a

market which is still

open to us.

It is the friend of all sufferers.

Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is a valuable

remedy to all those who suffer pain,

aches, rheumatism, neuralgia, and

other diseases.

It is a liniment that has the

blessing of half a continent. It is a

salve everywhere and can be

found wherever you are.

Curious Twist Of History

Anyone with an eye for the curios

twists of history must be inter-

ested in the fact that Primo Rio-

vera, ex-dictator of Spain, was kept

alive for many years past by insulin,

developed in the New World, which

was discovered by a man financed

by the Spanish Court, nearly four

and a half centuries ago.

It is estimated that there are

200,000 drug addicts in the United

States.

The star-fish has no nose, but the

whole of its underside is endowed

with the sense of smell.

More than 2,000 women are study-

ing medicine in German universities.

Millions Dedicated To Humanity's Service

Huge Sum Set Aside By Mayo Bros. For Medical Education and

Research

The millions of dollars that Doctors William and Charles Mayo have made through their world-famous clinic at Rochester, Minn., will not go to their families when the two great surgeons die.

Instead, this money — the "holy money," as the brothers call it, now totalling in the neighborhood of \$15,000,000 — will be dedicated to humanity's service.

The Mayo Foundation for Medical Education and Research, affiliated with the University of Minnesota.

Meanwhile the two brothers have themselves on "salary" which do not amount annually to nearly half of their incomes. All of their incomes above those salaries goes to the foundation, to train surgeons for the future.

Dr. William Mayo was asked on what basis his and his brother have fixed their charges.

"That," he was, "was something my brother and I discussed a long time ago. We agreed to charge \$100 a day for services rendered."

"We never began to come in and pile up so fast it frightened us, we had to meet that problem. The thought of reducing fees generally had to be dismissed. We could not pauperize our own profession. There are thousands of physicians and surgeons who need the income from what are becoming accepted as standard fees."

"But we could do something that we did. We scaled the fee in accordance with the patient's means. And we gave the same treatment to the man without a cent that we give to the millionaire."

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More than 2,000 women are study-

ing medicine in German universities.



Weekly sailings from Montreal and Quebec.

Book through the Concord Line, 270 Main Street, (Tel. 26-541-2), or Huron and Erie Building, Portage Ave., Winnipeg (Tel. 21-007), or any steamship agent.

CUNARD

CANADIAN SERVICE

CABIN+TOURIST THIRD CABIN+THIRD CLASS

Planning Big Air Field

Winnipeg May Have Combination Land and Sea Plane Airport

Plans now being formulated by a special committee of the Industrial Development Board of Manitoba aim to provide Winnipeg with one of the most unique and best equipped combination land and plane airports on the continent. The plans, which have been approved by the Department of Aviation at Ottawa, include an air field 3,000 acres in extent with an artificial lake about two miles in diameter.

Don't be without Douglas Equipment. Keep it always handy. Relieves toothache, neuralgia, sore throat, quinsy, and croup. Invaluable for burns, sores, Barber's itch and ringworm.

A plane carrying twenty passengers has a set record by flying from Paris to London in 95 minutes.

More than 2,000 women are studying medicine in German universities.

Be Certain of SAFETY Build with Gyproc

FIRE can hurl your home to destruction unless a fire-resistant material such as the new Ivory coloured Gyproc Wallboard is used in its construction.

Inexpensive, permanent, easy to apply, Gyproc Wallboard does not burn. It is exactly what you want for fire-safe walls, ceilings and partitions when you build, remodel or repair.

Ask your dealer today for full information on Gyproc Wallboard or send for interesting free book, "Building and Remodelling with Gyproc."

GYPSUM, LIME AND ALABASTINE, CANADA, LIMITED

Winnipeg Manitoba

The NEW IVORY

GYPROC

Fireproof Wallboard

RESOURCES WILL BE CONSIDERED BEFORE BUDGET

Ottawa, Ont.—Legislation dealing with the return of the natural resources to the western provinces will be dealt with in parliament before the budget is brought in.

This was stated by Premier MacKenzie King at the conclusion of a cabinet meeting. The prime minister said that it had been hoped to dispose of this legislation, which has for its object return of the natural resources to Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, as well as the lands in the Peace River block and railway belt to British Columbia, before the Easter recess.

The House of Commons had not been able to put through the legislation, so it would be done on with when parliament resumed, before the introduction of the budget.

The date when the budget will come down depends, to a certain extent, on the progress which is made with this legislation. The prime minister made no announcement as to when the statement of the finance minister may be expected.

While Mr. King gave no intimation to this effect, it is assumed that the importance of the natural resources legislation had prompted the government to try and get it through before the budget comes down.

Once the budget is introduced in the House, debate on it will be practically continuous, probably for some weeks.

There is also the possibility of the budget debate becoming so strenuous that dissolution of parliament might be precipitated. In that event the natural resources legislation would fall by the wayside, and the work which has been done might be of little avail.

Two Vancouver Teachers Drowned

One Sacrificed Life In Attempt To Rescue Friend

North Vancouver, B.C.—J. A. Hyndman, Vancouver, and F. E. Lothian, Vancouver, teachers in Carleton school, Vancouver, perished in Lynn Creek before the eyes of 18 girl pupils they had taken for a mountain hike.

Mr. Lothian sacrificed his life in a gallant attempt to save his friend.

The party had reached Second Canyon and Mr. Lothian safely crossed the bridge there that serves as a bridge when Mr. Hyndman lost his balance halfway across and fell into the boiling current.

Without hesitation, Mr. Lothian plunged into the swollen creek, but failed to reach his friend, before both were swept over the falls and perished.

Aliens Risk Death To Reach States

Caught By Officers After Crossing Niagara River Above Rapids

Niagara Falls, N.Y.—Crossing the Niagara river in a frail boat, a short distance above the entrance to the treacherous whirlpool rapids, four aliens braved death in their attempt to enter the United States illegally. The aliens were caught by immigration border patrolmen after they ascended the 200-foot bank of the gorge by means of an iron ladder that runs down a steep cliff, but the runner who had transported them escaped.

Japanese Royalty Starts Tour
Yokohama, Japan.—Japan's Imperial newlyweds, Prince and Princess Takamatsu, sailed from this port, aboard the "Kashima," Maru," for Europe, on a honeymoon, which will last over a year, and will encircle the globe. They will visit most of the courts of Europe and will spend ten days in Canada, probably before sailing for home, from some Pacific port, around May 1, 1931.

Pilots For Prince Killed
Cairo, Egypt.—Aeroplane in which the Prince of Wales travelled here from Khartoum crashed at Helipolis aerodrome shortly after taking off on its return flight to Khartoum. Its occupants were killed. The victims were Pilot Officer K. S. Barron and Aircraftman C. Davies.

Looking For Honors
Geneva.—Venezuelan representative at the League of Nations headquarters here asked that his country should have next turn in supplying the president of the league. His request was referred for decision to the next session of the league council.

W. N. U. 1535

Parachute Saves Aviator

Plane Crashed From Great Height At Sacramento, Cal.
Sacramento, Cal.—Lieut. L. A. Woodring, 95th Pursuit Squadron, Rockwell Field, San Diego, leaped to safety with his parachute when his plane crashed in Mather Field from a height of 2,000 feet during a "dog fight."

Captain H. M. Elmendorf and Lieut. Woodring had withdrawn from the pursuit flying to fly a review to stage an aerial combat. Suddenly something was seen to fly over Woodring's plane, and at the same instant the flyer leaped from the cockpit. He floated to the field uninjured. The plane crashed within 100 feet of the spot where the pilot landed.

Lieut. Woodring was pilot of the plane which, in the summer of 1927, was in fatal collision with that of Lieut. Thad Johnson as the latter missed his landing at Uplands Field, Ottawa, at the end of a flight as part of the tour to Col. Charles A. Lindbergh who flew the Canadian capital to take part in the celebration of the Diamond Jubilee of Confederation.

Johnson jumped as Woodring's plane smashed the tail assembly of his machine, but he was too close to the ground and his parachute failed to open.

Australia Wants Native Viceroy

Chief Justice Of High Court Has Been Recommended For Office

London, Eng.—The old and much divided question of whether the British dominions should have governors-general of their own nationality is likely to be settled once and for all by Australia's demand that the successor to Lord Stonehaven should be an Australian.

Sir Isaac A. Isaacs, chief justice of the Australian high court, has been recommended by the Commonwealth's next governor-general, and although the dominions office here is silent, it is understood that a precedent in this connection will probably be established.

Sydney, Australia.—Addressing the first annual meeting of the new Australian party, Rt. Hon. William Morris Hughes, Maritime Prime Minister of Australia, and its leader, said it did not matter to the party who governed Australia so long as it was governed. The party, he said, would support good government wherever they found it. He had some criticism, however, for the recent government of Rt. Hon. Stanley Bruce, declaring its only remedy for financial depression was reduction of wages.

Received By King George

Canadian Minister To France Has Interview At Windsor Castle

London, Eng.—Canada's minister to France, Hon. Philippe Roy, was received by the King at Windsor Castle, where he spent 20 minutes chatting with His Majesty, mostly about Canada.

"I was surprised at the health and vigor of the King," Mr. Roy said after the interview. "I was formerly a doctor and thus able to judge. I think the King is in better health than he has been for many years."

Mr. Roy told His Majesty that the first time he saw him was when he was a student at Laval University in Montreal in 1891 and the King was then a British ship visiting Canada.

The Canadian minister has seen King George on several occasions since, but this was the first opportunity of speaking to him since his appointment as Canadian minister in Paris.

Ship Enters Wrong Port

Order Mixed And Seattle Cargo Goes To Vancouver

Vancouver, B.C.—One often hears of persons getting into wrong hotel rooms, but seldom hears of a vessel entering the wrong port. The oil tanker "Los Alamos," bound from San Pedro to Seattle, arrived here and asked the local agent for orders. The master of the vessel soon found out, however, that somebody had blundered and his cargo was bound for Seattle, not Vancouver. He and his vessel got out of port on the same tide.

The agents are trying to find out who blundered. A "bad half-hour" is promised for someone.

Starts New Air Service
New York, N.Y.—Still blazing new air trails, Col. Charles A. Lindbergh has completed the new trans-Canadian Airways by making a dawn-to-dusk flight from Havana to Cristobal, Canal Zone.

C.N.R. To Be Reconstructed

Endorsement Of Amalgamation Of All Companies Is Expected
Ottawa, Ont.—The reconstruction of the financial structure of the Canadian National Railways will be started from this session of parliament with the passage of a bill to amalgamate into one corporate body all the various companies which now make up the C.N.R. Intimation to this effect came from the Department of Railways and Canals, it is reported. This is the second of three further stages of consolidating the various bond issues and otherwise reorganizing the whole financial structure which will be proceeded with this year.

The bill to consolidate the companies, it is believed, will not be contentious and will go through with little discussion; but to deal with the financial structure would take a great deal of time, even if the preparations were far enough advanced, which includes consent of the various bond-holders. If there is to be a general election this year, legislation taking up so much time would likely find the going difficult.

French Flier Honored

Notable Figures In Aviation Attend Funeral In New York

New York, N.Y.—Representatives of the French Government and notable figures in the field of aviation, including Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, paid their last respects to Count Henri de la Vaulx, president of the Federation Aeronautique Internationale, who died in an accident at Jersey City, N.J.

While aerophiles circled in formation overhead, the Rev. Theophilus Wucher conducted a requiem mass in the French church of St. Vincent de Paul. Then the body was removed to the French liner *Prinses Beatrix* for the dead aviator's native land.

BIG INDUSTRIES MAY LOCATE IN COAST PROVINCE

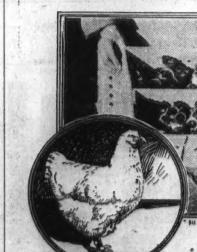
Vancouver, B.C.—Three major industries are making extensive investigation with the object of establishing in British Columbia, and one of them—one which would mean the building of a very large industrial plant—is almost certain to decide in favor of this province, according to Frank J. Tamm, who was engaged through Vancouver en route to Victoria after a visit to Eastern Canada. The premier's visit to Ottawa convinced him that the International Sockeye Salmon Treaty will be passed at the present sitting of the Dominion Parliament and amendments which may be made by the United States are satisfactory.

The premier said that the Dominion Government will investigate the Yukon section of the proposed Alaska Highway. Premier Tolmie said that British Columbia would debt to the members of the Australian lumber delegation, whom he met in Ottawa. There is much evidence he said, of the thoroughness with which they did their work.

While in Ottawa the premier took up the matter of the five-year census for British Columbia. The prairie provinces enjoy this at present and he said that British Columbia would benefit from the same provision. He was particularly interested in the matter of the prairie provinces.

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One Day Old, but Lively



Every spring millions of baby chicks go out from the British Columbia coast and Vancouver Island to the interior of the province and the Prairie Provinces. Hatched earlier on the milder Pacific slopes than elsewhere in Canada, they are rushed by express across the country to poultry breeders inland. Taken when they are but one day old, they are placed in cardboard boxes with breathing holes punched in them, and loaded into express cars kept at just the right temperature for their benefit. They can go 72 hours without food or water. Above package has just been landed at Vancouver, and is being examined prior to train shipment. According to officials of the Canadian Pacific Express Company which annually handles millions of these fluffy balls, the traffic is growing steadily from year to year.

FRENCH MOTOR EXPERT



King May Appoint New Poet Laureate

Successor To Dr. Robert Bridges Not Yet Named

London, Eng.—The literary and ordinary public too are wondering who will be the next poet laureate, or if indeed there will be any successor to Dr. Robert Bridges. The question of whether his honorary position would lapse was raised after the death of Alfred, Tennyson, and Tennyson's successor, Austin, was not appointed until Tennyson had been dead four years.

Lord Tennyson, who died in 1892, was the last poet who actually performed in any measurable degree the direct duty of the poet laureate, namely, the writing of a poem or ode when the monarch was buried with anything of extra moment. The day for writing poetry at the king's command has, of course, long since gone.

But it is likely that His Majesty, after a reasonable interval will, on the advice of the prime minister, confer upon another poet laureate. The new scholar, author of *verse* and thereby continue this special royal recognition of poetry, which began as early as the days of Chaucer, who received an allowance of wine from the King's wine butts.

Noted Soldier Dead

Sir Gordon Guggisberg Served Entirely In Many Ways

London, Eng.—Few men have had a more varied career than Sir Gordon Guggisberg, noted soldier and colonial administrator, whose birth came as a shock to official circles. Sir Gordon had been governor of British Guiana since 1928. He was 60 years of age and Canadian-born, his birthplace being Toronto.

Sir Gordon Guggisberg had a distinguished career in the war and before and after the war served his king in the east, in Africa and in South America. Sir Gordon was a graduate of the Royal Military College at Woolwich, and while military personnel, for a time, he was a low dollar master for Gordon Guggisberg, in this he suffered what was but an inevitable lot of most peace time soldiers.

Canadian Prisons Fireproof

Ohio Disaster Could Not Happen Here Says Superintendent

Ottawa, Ont.—"Positively impossible," was the comment of General W. St. Pierre Hughes, superintendent of penitentiaries, when asked if such a disaster could happen again.

Such a disaster destroyed the Ohio state institution with the loss of more than 300 lives could happen in any Canadian penitentiary. "Our institutions," said General Hughes, "are entirely fireproof."

All the cell blocks in the Canadian penitentiaries were fire-proof, he said.

TREATY SIGNED BY DELEGATES OF FIVE POWERS

London, Eng.—The "London naval treaty of 1930" was signed by the delegates of the five powers in St. James Palace, and the conference opened by King George V, three weeks ago adjourned.

A few hours later the U.S. delegates entered for the "Leviathan," which waited a day for them to land and then they sailed for home. The French and Italian delegations departed for Paris and Rome respectively, after the signing ceremonies were over.

The full text of the treaty was officially made public at the moment when Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson sat in an old state chair covered in red velvet and appended the first signature to the Morocco-bound document opposite a red seal with a blue ribbon attached. It contains nothing not exhaustively discussed previously in these and other discussions.

The 92-day-old conference began its sixth and final plenary session in a dignified, almost sombre mood which was maintained during half an hour of oratory. But at the end the veteran French statesman, Foreign Minister Aristide Briand, exercising all his famous charm, wit and good nature, brought the delegates, their advisors and the hundred correspondents who filled Queen Anne's drawing room to their feet laughing and applauding as he solemnly transferred from "the collective ownership of the conference to the private ownership of our chairman, Monsieur MacDonald," a gold pen presented for the treaty's signature.

DISORDER IS SPREADING IN INDIAN EMPIRE

Bombay, India.—British authority is confronted with an increasingly grave situation in India. Serious rioting and fighting with troops was reported in the north, and the rebels are spreading southward. An Indian rebel, armed with two revolvers, was killed at Chittagong, after grave disorders at Peshawar—thousands of miles to the west.

At Peshawar, important outpost city near the entrance to Khyber Pass, one or more British soldiers and 20 native rioters were killed reports said, when a mob protested arrest of several anti-government agitators.

A Lahore despatch, explaining the events, said that the outbreak was suppressed only when Gurkha troops suppressed machine gunners who fired into the rebels, which had held up an armored car, poured kerosene on it, and burned it to death. Both occupants were burned to death.

At another point in the bazaar, a British sergeant on a motorcycle approached the rioters, who pulled him off his machine and hacked him on the face with an axe. He was said to have died of his wounds. The deputy commissioner of police and other police officers were badly wounded and sent to hospitals.

British and Gurkha troops took absolute charge of the city, and were to be maintaining a strong guard at all gates to prevent incursions by the hill tribes who are far different fighting stock from the Hindus and swarmed down when there are disturbances with the hope of loot. There are sections about Peshawar over which British authority never has been fully extended.

Alberta's Election Date Set

June 19 Is Day Selected According To Official Announcement

Edmonton, Alta.—The Alberta provincial election will be held on Thursday, June 19. Official announcement of the date was made by Hon. George Headley, acting premier, speaking for Premier Browne, who is at present at Vancouver.

The U.S.A. government still has one year of its five year term to serve, but the calling of an election has not been entirely unexpected as there have been rumors for some time that this would be done.

The following statement was issued by Hon. George Headley, on behalf of Premier Browne, announcing the election:

"We keep our promise during the recent session that if an election were to be held this summer ample notice would be given, the government announced its decision to hold an election this summer, with polling day fixed for the ninth of June."

Conference Of Premiers Indefinitely Postponed

Original Date Was Not Convenient For All Officials

Winnipeg, Man.—Parley of prairie premiers set for Winnipeg, to discuss immigration, has been indefinitely postponed. Premier Bracken of Manitoba said that the conference, which was planned to be held in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, will probably be held some time next month.

The original date—April 29—was found not to be convenient for all officials concerned. If, and when the prairie premiers do gather at Winnipeg, their session will be preliminary to the Dominion conference, at which the provinces will be represented. Such a conference is planned for mid-summer at Ottawa.

Quarantine Districts Selected

Ottawa, Ont.—Several rural municipalities in Saskatchewan have been chosen as sites for the creation of bovine tuberculosis districts under the animal contagious diseases act. The proclamation creating the restricted areas has been officially issued. Municipalities involved are Montrose, Cory, Loganton, Park, Warman, Wood Creek and Big Arm.

Water Tests For Churchill

Ottawa, Ont.—Tests of the water which is to furnish the supply of Churchill are being made for the Department of Railways and Canals here, and so far the results have been satisfactory. The chief fear was that the water might contain an accumulation of various salts. While the water is what is termed "hard," it is suitable for human use.

Welcome News For Canada

U.S. Board Announces Plan To Take Our Money At Current Rates

The Federal Reserve Board of the U.S. has issued the following official statement relative to U.S. exchange on Canadian currency.

"The Federal Reserve Board announces that a plan has been worked out, at the suggestion of the department of commerce, and will be put in operation for handing Canadian currency deposited with federal reserve banks, at a minimum of the actual collection charges incurred by them."

"The discount on Canadian currency brought into the U.S. by travellers has frequently ranged as high as 10 and sometimes even as high as 20 per cent., at places remote from the border line. This is regarded as excessive and has given rise to some feeling in Canada, especially in U.S. currency is generally accepted at par in Canada."

"The Federal Reserve Board has taken the subject up with the federal reserve banks, and they have agreed to offer their facilities to member banks for the collection and conversion of Canadian paper currency into U.S. currency at the current rate of exchange. The federal reserve banks will absorb the cost of shipping Canadian paper currency from the member banks to their respective federal reserve banks and will deduct an allowance to cover the actual exchange charges, and insurance and shipping charges, if any, from the federal reserve banks to the points of conversion into U.S. currency. The average cost during the past three years of converting Canadian paper currency into U.S. funds, including both exchange and shipping charges, has averaged less than 1 per cent."

"This method of handling Canadian currency by the federal reserve banks, will, it is hoped, result in substantial reductions in the cost of collecting this currency. The board feels that if member banks co-operate in this matter by extending a similar service to their customers, Canadian tourists travelling in this country will find American merchants willing to accept Canadian currency at or near par."

Best Market For United States Goods

For Second Consecutive Year Canada Has Headed List

Canada was shown by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States to have been the best market for United States products during 1929, for the second consecutive year and also the principal distributor of foreign products in the United States.

An analysis based upon Department of Commerce statistics, showed that Canada's purchases of United States products totalled nearly \$1,000,000,000 and were 18.1 per cent. of total exports. They were larger by \$37,768,000 than in 1928, when Canada, for the first time, became the major buyer from the United States.

The United Kingdom was second as an export market, buying goods valued at \$867,980,000.

Imports from Canada were valued at \$504,000,000, the largest post war total, and an increase of \$14,974,000 over 1928. Japan was second in export to the United States, shipping over products valued at \$431,873,000.

Eat Like An Ostrich

An Aslanian puppy with the ambitions of an ostrich has been saved from the consequences of his appetites at the Royal Veterinary College, in London, England. From his stomach were recovered 67 nails of various sizes, two screws, three needles with nuts, one bolt, 16 brads, one stud, a piece of steel drill and a lump of coal, the whole weighing 15 ounces.

"I see where my time has come," said the man as he received his watch from the mail order house.



"But you live on the other side of the road."

"Bother. Now I must walk back-wards!"—Wahre Jakob, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1835

Douglas Fir Timbers

Improved By Age

Experiments Show Gain In Strength After Fifty-Five Years' Service

Douglas fir timbers gain in strength after 55 years of service, according to E. H. McAllister, professor of mechanics, at the University of Oregon.

Professor McAllister has just completed an investigation of the timbers taken from the Hayden Bridge, a structure erected near Eugene in 1874, and has found them to be in an excellent state of preservation. The Hayden Bridge was of the old covered type and it is the professor's conclusion that Douglas fir can be preserved in sound structural condition for at least half a century by the simple method of covering it covered from the weather and providing a free circulation of air.

More than 200 tests on machines which exert from \$30,000 to 200,000 pounds pressure were made on the old timbers. For basis of comparison, similar tests were made on both green and seasoned pieces of the same size. The average strength was found to be in excess of the average strength of new timber in green condition, while in most cases it was well above the average for unused timber that had been air dried for two or three years.

Professor McAllister's report states that "it is believed conservatively that age does not increase the influence of knots or other defects in the wood, and that tests on the small clear pieces proved that the quality of the wood fibres does not deteriorate with age."

One of the surprise features of the experiments was the high strength in compression parallel grain. This was found to be slightly more than double the corresponding strength of the new air dried timber, and about 24 times that of new green timber. Out of twelve old beams tested not one failed in compression and only five of the 54 small beams broke under load, showing very high stress.

In the tests of other new bridge strainers made by the United States Forest Service, approximately three-fourths of the whole number failed in compression.

Cannibals Turning To Football and Cricket

Natives Of Solomon Islands Greatly Interested In Sports

Cricket and football have taken the place of murder and cannibalism as the national outdoor sport of the Solomon Islands.

Dr. C. E. Fox, in charge of the medical mission on the islands, has just returned to Auckland, New Zealand, with the news that the natives are beginning to forget their barbarous pastimes and to live a more orderly life.

"Solomon Islanders make very good footballers, even though they play bare-footed," said Dr. Fox. "They are very skillful at passing and remarkably fast."

"Cricket is our national game, however," Dr. Fox added, "I do not think you will find brighter cricket in any other part of the world. We play matches of two innings a side, and the time limit is one and one-half hours. Consequently, no time is lost, and there is no such thing as playing for a draw. In one match 86 runs scored off one stroke."

The ball was hit into the sea, and square leg, who objected strenuously to chasing it, was finally thrown into the water by the other members of his team, in order to retrieve the ball. The batsmen, meantime, were steadily piling up the runs.

"On one occasion the ball was hit into a tree, which was cut down by the fieldmen. The rules of lost ball law do not apply when there are 82 enthusiastic Solomon Islanders on the field. They are magnificent fieldsmen, and can catch any sort of ball with ease. Their bowling, too, is very accurate, but their batting is naturally rather unpolished. It is interesting to watch the batsmen take center. This is regarded as a form of ritual, for as soon as it is done, the batsman promptly steps back a bit to leg, and prepares to hit at everything."

Prince (in hotel) — Twenty-five francs for peaches! They must be scarce this year.

Manager of Hotel—Your Highness, it is the peaches that are scarce, but peaches.

"Goin' to the fair?"

"What fair?"

"Paper says, 'Fair here today and tomorrow.'"

Excavation of Trajan's Market Place in Rome has been completed, and altogether 150 stores have been found in the ancient shopping centre.

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During the period 1900-29 inclusive, the annual value of Canada's mineral production has on no fewer than sixteen different occasions surpassed all previous marks. While the effect of the upward trend of prices must be taken into account, especially as regards the war period, this record is nevertheless a remarkable illustration of sustained growth. It stamps the mining industry as a foremost force in the march of Canadian development during the twentieth century.

The sheer increase in value—from less than \$65,000,000 in 1900 to well over \$300,000,000 in 1929—is amply impressive in itself. But the manner in which it has been attained is no less notable. There has been a great advance in variety of output. At the opening of the century gold and coal were the only two large items of Canada's mineral production, whereas the Dominion's present-day mining industry owes its magnitude not only to coal and gold, but to copper, nickel, lead, silver, zinc, asbestos, and, in short, to perhaps as wide a diversity of resources as any country affords to mining enterprise.

Clean Your Seed

Results Obtained More Than Pay Farmer For Trouble

"As thou sowest, so shall thou reap" wrote Cicero centuries ago and Biblical and mundane authors have kept this maxim of nature ever before us; and the moral is—"you may not always be able to sow the best seed, but you can always sow clean seed."

Not only is it a well known fact that clean seed is a most effective method of weed control but experimental work by the Dominion Department of Agriculture, and the Canadian Poultry Association, shows that clean seed pays.

There is really no excuse for a farmer not planting clean seed because if he has not the time and means for doing it himself there is, or can be, available to him competent means of cleaning his seed.

The cleaning of seed is a practice which has been followed ever since man first began to plant, the methods ranging from the primitive to the ultra-modern. We are most of us familiar with the primitive practice of holding a measure of grain or seed shoulder-high and letting it drop through a hole carrying the chaff along with it, leaving a pile of seed at the feet of the cleaner.

We are also familiar with another primitive practice of float-testing many types of seed, particularly mangels and sugar beet.

The ultra-modern seed cleaning methods range from the government seed cleaning plants at Moose Jaw, serving a part of the prairie area, to the adaptation of screens and sieves in the fanning mill.

The cleaner the seed the better its quality and while you may not be able to afford No. 1 clean seed always, you can afford, and will be more than repaid, to see that the seed you use is clean.

Poultry Will Fly

European Exhibits For Congress Will Travel

Quite apart of the times exhibitors at the fourth World's Poultry Congress, are already arranging an aeronautical conveyance for fancy birds which will be shown in the live stock exhibition, and which they desire to have arrive at the Congress in the pink of condition. Leading air services are making arrangements to deliver birds from points in continental Europe to the Crystal Palace as soon as the Congress officials are ready to take delivery.

To find themselves really up in the air will give the elite of the poultry world who travel in this way something really worth while to crow and cackle about.

Loss Is Heavy

Twenty-six million dollars is the price paid by farmers and poultry raisers for loss through diseases in poultry flocks annually according to recent estimates. Most of this loss is caused by the internal parasites and according to C. E. Elford, Dominion Poultry Husbandman, much of it is preventable. A good deal of it, he points out, can be eliminated by keeping young chicks away from adult birds and on absolutely clean soil.

Hollands Produce Airport

Delft, Holland, will establish a small produce airport. Firms will be allowed fresh vegetables, fruit and flowers for which the district is famous, to leading cities of Europe. Large amounts of fresh fruit, early vegetables and cut flowers have already been successfully transported by plane.

Australia's coal strike has continued for several months.

Give Chicks

A Fair Show

It Kept In Separate Pens Results Are More Effective

The baby chick becomes a laying pullet in about five months, but when given space, food and when given a fair show. By this he means that they must be kept separate in pens by themselves, where they will not be robbed by older birds of the foods provided especially for, and so necessary to, their proper growth and development.

Poultry records show that the time-honored practice of letting chicks run with old hens does not pay and that effective results in respect to pullets for egg production complete separation must be provided.

To allow chicks to run with the older hens either at large or in a common pen is the biggest mistake the farmer or poultryman can make, Mr. Brown observes. It was the repeated failures in farm practice in this connection which led to a special investigation as to its cause. The study of the problem began in the separation of a mixed flock which was giving poor results. The old layed-out hens were discarded and the younger birds were separated entirely.

One immediate and surprising result of this separation was that egg production from the smaller number of selected hens remaining very soon rose above the total egg production of the mixed flock.

Another thing which was found from this particular experiment was that birds die best when grouped in separate pens in classes of their own age and kind. There are certain well defined stages of development in the chick, the pullet, and the hen, and where all are allowed to run together none function as they should but when separated into age and type groups can be stimulated and regulated with direct regard to the needs and condition of each hen.

On every farm where it is desired to have laying pullets early in the season, when the price of eggs is particularly attractive, one safe rule to apply is to put baby chicks in a pen by themselves and keep them separate throughout the season. Properly fed and looked after they will become laying pullets weeks before they would were they allowed to remain in the mixed barnyard flock, and incidentally they will mature for utilization as dressed poultry if desired, much earlier than would otherwise be possible.

Canadian Roses For China

Bushes Numbering Thirty-Five Varieties Shipped From British Columbia

Three hundred British Columbia rose bushes, numbering 35 varieties, have been shipped to the British Legation at Peiping, China, to adorn the already famous gardens.

The bushes were contributed free of charge by three nurseries—H. M. Eddie & Sons, Sardis, the B.C. Nurseries, Vancouver, and the Layritz Nurseries of Victoria.

The bushes were carefully assembled and packed at Victoria under the supervision of E. W. White, district horticulturist, the Provincial Government paying the freight and packing charges.

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Turn Loss Into Gain

Growing Demand For Dairy Products Is Increasing Revenue

Dairy production in Canada is slowly forging ahead, but along new lines. The Dairy and Cold Storage Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, report an increasing demand for what might really be termed the by-products of the dairy industry. Dairy production in Canada heretofore has been expressed largely in terms of butter, cheese and cream.

The production of butter and cheese shows a decline in volume, while milk, condensed, cream, and butter are increasing. And, it is this increase which is responsible for the net gain in dairy production during the past five years of over \$13,000,000. More fresh milk and cream are being used today than ever before; ice cream continues to grow in popularity, and there is a striking increase in the amount of milk which is being processed for sale in evaporated, condensed, concentrated and powdered form.

A Musical Feature

Treat Promised For Visitors To World's Poultry Congress

By a happy coincidence, 1930 the triennial festival year, and visitors to the World's Poultry Congress, will have the unique opportunity of attending "the grand musical treat" which will be given during the Congress week. An orchestra and choir of 2,000 voices will be in charge of Sir Thomas Beecham, who has offered his services as conductor as a free gift. Under his direction the performance will be a contribution of the first importance, and will afford an unusual opportunity for visitors to the Congress to hear one of the world's most famous composer's works rendered on a scale and in volume which alone begins to interpret a real masterpiece of music.

Only One Name Allowed

Practice Of Giving Middle Name Once Forbidden In England

The practice of giving a middle name to children was unknown in England before the period of the Stuarts, and it did not become at all common until Georgian times. There was, in fact, a law on the statute books forbidding parents to give more than one name to their children.

The same conditions prevailed in North America. Not a single member of the Mayflower had a middle name and there are only three among the signatures to the Declaration of Independence. The first five Presidents of the United States had one Christian name only.

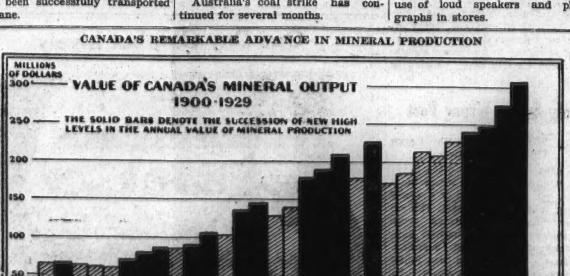
Extending Hydro System

Extension of the provincial hydro system to all main centres of the province within the next three years is the aim of the Manitoba Government, as outlined by Hon. D. G. McKenzie, administrator of the power system, calling for expenditures of \$2,660,114 which includes \$902,808 for transmission lines and \$229,000 for farm services.

Made Fortune In Year

Achieving notoriety as the producer of the war play "Journey's End," Mr. Maurice Brown, who was unknown in theatrical circles a year ago, has purchased the Globe and Queen's theatres in the West End of London for \$1,000,000. This sum is a portion of the profits made from the play.

Hornsey, England, has banned the use of loud speakers and phonographs in stores.



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The Prevention Of Sickness

Periodic Examination Would Save Great Numbers Of Lives

"In the Province of Ontario, one person out of every three dies ahead of his time, and that Ontario is no worse in this regard than the other provinces of Canada. Better in fact than some of them."

Professor Winslow, of Yale University states that 29 per cent. of all deaths in the United States Registration Area, could be postponed. An analysis of Ontario statistics shows that in this province 34 per cent. of all deaths could be postponed. And those statistics are official, and the analysis is that of competent health officials.

It's shocking to walk along the street knowing that every third person you meet has death leaning affectionately over his shoulder. Such a waste of potentiality in industry. What causes this gigantic wastage of human life? The answer is, just plain, human thick-headedness.

If one person in every three was killed ahead of his time in a railway crossing accident such a public hue and cry would go up that within a year, grade-crossings would be eliminated, regardless of expense. But our one-cut-of-three loss is not so dramatic as that. It is brought about by the stealthy ravages of diseases, and therefore it isn't noticed. For people have not yet learned that many of the diseases that kill their children, their husbands and wives and friends, could be prevented.

An incalculable amount of sickness and premature death could be eliminated if people could be induced to get thoroughly examined regularly, by their physicians. There is an enormous amount of incipient diseases of many types which, being neglected in early stages, result in serious disability demanding hospital care and often resulting in death.

One of our leading public health authorities says: "Sickness costs \$31,000,000 annually. The loss of future earnings through premature death is conservatively estimated at one billion dollars a year."

Diphtheria kills 1,200 Canadians every year, while 12,000 other Canadians suffer from this disease but recover.

Yet science offers you a toxoid treatment to make you and your children immune to diphtheria. This disease is a frightful child-slayer. Have you taken advantage of toxoid to protect your children, or may they be among the stricken 12,300 during the next twelve months—or possibly among the doomed 1,200?

Tuberculosis killed 1,100 people in Canada in 1927. Yet tubercular fever is easily treated by means within the reach of everyone.

Tuberculosis—3,000 people died of tuberculosis during 1927. Yet we have cut the death rate from this scourge in half, during the past 25 years, and we can absolutely eliminate it with adequate health machinery.

Cancer—early treatment (which is assured to anyone taking the trouble to undergo an annual or semi-annual physical examination), guarantees success in curing cancer, in many cases.

Venereal diseases—the organized and successful attack on them cannot be made upon venereal diseases is an utterly convincing proof of the progress that can be made in disease-control when all forces of the state combine in a necessary undertaking.

Japan's Oldest Temple

There is still standing in Nara a Buddhist temple, Horyuji, the oldest in Japan, built more than thirteen hundred years ago; but built of wood, probably the oldest wooden structure in the world. It is filled with priceless art treasures. Its mellow-toned bells seem to speak of romantic memories of long ago, of the days when the world was at the height of its glory, and when men of genius were laying the foundations of the nation's art and literature.

Nitrates used in making fertilizer are among the most important by-products from coal.



"No need with the present women's fashions."—Lustige Blaetter, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1835

Major Developments In Canada's Air Mail Service Attracting Great Attention

Canada, with her vast area and widely scattered population, is advantageously situated to derive the greatest benefits from the development of internal air mail service. The great distances which separate the principal urban centres and the steady and broad-fronted advance in settlement and development serve to render postal communication by air peculiarly valuable in the Dominion. In addition, the Post Office Department of Canada has entered into a reciprocal arrangement with the United States post office whereby Canada may take full advantage of the extensive United States air mail services connecting with points in Mexico, the West Indies, and Central and South America.

The establishment of Canada's official air post service is of comparatively recent date, but the conveyance of mail matter by air within Canada has been an actual fact for over ten years. In the early days of mail transportation by air, the Post Office Department, as a temporary measure, gave permission to the operating aviation companies to carry letters, entirely at the senders risk and subject to a fee ranging from five cents to twenty cents per letter, in addition to the regular postage. This fee was retained by the operating company. The successful operation of numerous "sticker" services demonstrated beyond question the essential practicability of air mail transport in the Dominions, for these services were conducted in many cases under considerable operating difficulties although not on hard-and-fast schedules.

Civil aviation in Canada assumed proportions in 1927 which justified the Post Office Department in utilizing the facilities available for the fast transport of mails, not only to remote areas but between the larger centres of population. Services of the latter type had of course to be arranged on definite time schedules and this involved a much greater problem. At a beginning a service was inaugurated by which incoming British mails were taken from transatlantic steamers and transported by air to Montreal, and thence hastening their delivery. Later, on October 1, 1928, a service of daily frequency was established between Montreal and Toronto, and on the same day an international air mail route was opened between Montreal, P.Q., and Albany, N.Y. On July 15, 1929, the Montreal-Toronto route was extended to Detroit, via Hamilton, London, and Windsor, Ontario, and thus a point of contact with the United States air mail routes westward was established, in addition to providing the most densely populated portion of Ontario with an air mail service. On the same date a still further connection with southern air-mail routes was provided by the establishment of daily service between Toronto and Buffalo. Notwithstanding the difficulties of operation in the Maritime Provinces — scarcity of suitable landing fields, densely wooded areas, broken country, and fog — the Postmaster-General inaugurated a service early in December, 1929, between Montreal, Quebec, Moncton, and Saint John.

The next major development in Canadian Air Mail Services was the inauguration of the trans-prairie route on March 3, 1930. Plans are now operating daily between Winnipeg, Regina, Moose Jaw, Medicine Hat, and Calgary, and between Regina, Saskatoon, North Battleford, and Edmonton on a schedule which clips a full twenty-four hours of the transcontinental movement of Canadian mails. This not only constitutes a marked improvement in the coast-to-coast service which is being developed link by link, but revolutionizes intercommunication between the provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Manitoba.

It is in the outfitting portions of the



"What bad taste. One does not wear yellow trousers with a mowng coat." —Hanns, Hamburg.

W. M. U. 1835

country, however, that the most valuable work of Canada's Air Mail Service has been carried out. Recently the remote settlements along the north shore of the St. Lawrence River, on Anticosti and the Magdalen Islands in the gulf of St. Lawrence, and along the sub-arctic reaches of the Mackenzie River, have been almost cut off from the outside world during the winter months. Communication was necessarily by dog team and other primitive methods until the recent dramatic change to aerial planes reduced the duration of mail trips from weeks to hours.

The establishment of contract air mail services in the Mackenzie River District — the most northerly of all air mail services — in December, 1929, attracted world-wide attention. The route from McMurray, down the Athabasca River, along the south shore of Great Slave Lake, and down the mighty Mackenzie River is nearly 1,100 miles long. Hitherto, in winter months, dog teams had been the sole means of conveyance and the volume of mail was correspondingly small being limited to letters and a few packages. The total amount for Akavik in the winter of 1929-30 was less than two hundred pounds. Contrast this with the remarkable conditions obtaining on the advent of air mail facilities. Ten thousand pounds' mail were carried on the first flights — over a thousand pounds alone for Akavik at the mouth of the Mackenzie. The chief remaining routes are those which penetrate the rich mining areas of Ontario and Quebec, i.e., Red Lake, Kiamisking, and Elliot. They are the principal mineral areas served by air mail in Canada.

The development of flying fields and provision of lighting facilities, not to mention the constant improvements in aircraft which may be expected during the next few years will undoubtedly do much to facilitate the performance of regular scheduled air mail services within Canada. Meanwhile the efficiency percentages maintained by the different operating companies are remarkable.

In addition to holding the world's record for speed over contract air mail lines, the Canadian service proudly boasts that it has never lost a single piece of mail out of the hundreds of tons that have been entrusted to it.

Mature Corn For Silage

Superiority Over Immature Corn Proved By Tests

The superiority of silage from mature over immature corn is clearly demonstrated by tests conducted at the Dominion Experimental Farm, at Brandon, Manitoba. In a series of tests in which a group of six cows were fed alternately, mature and immature corn silage, a marked increase in the amount of milk produced and in respect to gain in body weight, was shown by the group fed mature corn silage. The relative feed values shown by laboratory tests are: — for mature corn 69.1 per cent moisture content, 2.7 per cent protein, 61 per cent fat, 16.6 carbohydrates, 9.27 fibre, and 1.82 per cent ash; for immature corn the moisture content was 82.6 per cent, protein 1.71 per cent, fat 9.1 per cent, carbohydrates 7.74, fibre 5.45, and ash 1.69 per cent.

Must Use Percentage Of Domestic Flour

Legislation Is In Force In Five European Countries

State legislation requiring millers to use a certain percentage of domestic flour in making of bread is in force in Germany, France, Spain, Switzerland and Portugal. Statesman G. M. Gillett, secretary of the Imperial War Department, in a recent answer to a question in connection with the proposal that the British loaf should contain a statutory proportion of British-grown wheat flour.

The minimum in France is as high as 97 per cent. It is declared. In Spain the minimum is 5 per cent. No percentage is fixed in Switzerland and Portugal, but millers in those countries must take delivery of a certain quantity of native wheat.

Under Soviet Rule

It's not all "cakes and ale" in Soviet Russia, according to Zachary Breitburg, who recently received a pathetic letter from his home in Orenburg, Siberia. The brother wrote that the government had appropriated his wheat crop, bedding and furniture, leaving only 20 bushels of wheat for his family's use.

Still In Experimental Stage

Difficulties Have Cropped Up In Connection With Battery Brooders

A recent issue of the Dominion Experimental Farm would indicate that another much heralded innovation in the poultry industry is not destined to any great success. During the past two or three years, the battery system of brooding chickens has gained some prominence in Canada, the principle being that of raising chickens in a uniformity and correctly heated room in metal batteries. These batteries are simply crates placed one on top of the other, the wire floor being equipped with troughs for water and feed. Beneath the wire floor are papers to catch the droppings and which are easily removed and burned.

The advantages of such a system are quite obvious, it is really a factory of mass production of chicks. One man can look after a large number of the babies and the wire floors make for complete sanitation. Temperature and fire risks are eliminated, spread of disease is minimized, and the feed and water troughs which are placed outside the wire walls of the compartment, are easily kept clean.

But some difficulties have cropped up and it would seem from the report that they are serious ones. In the first place, a temperature that suits day-old chicks, is too high for the older brothers. Some considerable trouble has developed from chicks getting caught in the wire mesh as might be supposed, and last, but not least, it was found that from four to six weeks is the oldest that chicks can be handled in this manner. Cannibalism and nervousness then develops in the chicks, and the mortality becomes high.

The report concludes that the battery system is still in the experimental stage and that at present will find its greatest use under hatchery conditions for the short time holding of chicks.

Willing To Take Chance

Norman Derham, who swam the English Channel in 1928, has written to Knute Johansson, a young Scandinavian, who proposes to cross the Atlantic in a speed boat, offering him his services as a companion, for whom Johansson has been advertising.

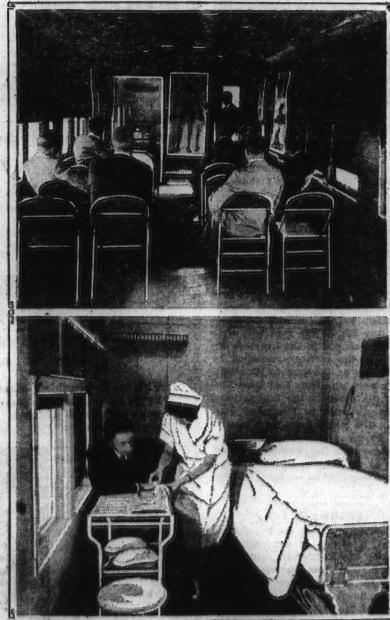
Villa — An empty champagne bottle seems so fatherless.

Mimi! — What do you mean?

Villa — It's lost its pop.

It costs from \$1,600 to \$2,000 per mile to sand a road.

FIRST AID SCHOOL ON WHEELS



With a view to extending adequate First Aid instruction to its employees in the outfitting sections of the system, one of the three new First Aid cars which have just been completed for the Canadian National Railways has been placed in the Western Region for service.

Fully equipped and in charge of a competent instructor, the car will travel to outfitting points, bringing courses of instruction to engine men and train men, agents and construction and maintenance of way men who have ordinarily no means of obtaining this knowledge. While their primary use is for instruction, they are, as well, travelling stations ready to assist in emergency, and are the first cars of this type to go into service on a railroad in Canada.

A TITLED Flier



Her Grace the 64-year-old Duchess of Bedford, who took off from London on a flight to Capetown, South Africa. With the duchess are two pilots and she plans to take her turn at the controls.

Colorado Interested In World Grain Exhibition

Farmers of Peetz District Plan To Enter Exhibit

According to the Peetz Gazette, a weekly newspaper published at the town of Peetz, Colorado, the farmers of that district are determined to demonstrate their ability to produce the best quality grain, states S. J. Latta, publicity agent for the World Grain Exhibition and Conference, to be held in Regina in 1932. They are already preparing to be represented in a number of selected classes at the World's Grain Show in 1932.

In an interesting article on this great undertaking The Gazette says:

"Tentative plans are now being considered for the entrance of Peetz grain, with rye, barley, sweet clover, and hog mint seed and beans in the competition for the thousands of dollars in prizes offered at the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, to be held at Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada, July 25 to August 6, 1932."

"People of Peetz feel they can favorably compete in this big show and the local Community Fair Association has already commenced to plan the details of gathering samples that will be displayed against all world competitors."

In 25 years — from 1900 to 1925 — the reindeer population of Alaska increased from 3,000 to 400,000.

Nearly 4,000 Christmas puddings were shipped from England to the United States last year.

Canadian National Parks, With Wonderful Scenic Beauty, Form a Great National Asset

The coming season promises to be one of great tourist activity so far as the national parks of Canada are concerned. Officials, both of the Department of the Interior, and of the railroads, are receiving a large number of requests for information and advance bookings. Large numbers of inquiries have also been received in the department from motorists in practically every section of Canada and the United States, and even from Mexico. The majority of these ask for the shortest routing to Canada's national parks, a description of the different attractions, the accommodations and particularly the facilities for tourists.

A comparative analysis of the various applications shows that by all odds the strongest appeal of the parks is their scenic beauty and wilderness quality. An extract from one expresses the demand of many: "I want to visit the parks containing the prettiest mountain scenery, as I want to camp out in the wilderness, fish and go mountain climbing." Some of these letters reveal that the writers know almost nothing of Canadian geography. They have the national parks in the greatest of mind, and increases and conditions of life on this continent grow more artificial and restricted. Already, the world over, there is a recognition that our present mechanical development may sweep original conditions everywhere away. That is perhaps, one reason why the recent announcement of Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior, that he hoped the time would soon come when there would be a national park in every province, has met with wide approval. The more far-sighted of our people realize that the changes which will probably come about in Canada during the next hundred years will be enormous. While Canada is already leading in the reservation of areas for national parks, it is recognized that the needs of the future are sure to be great and that the time to set aside areas of natural beauty is now, while the land is still unoccupied and primitive conditions in the parks are still predominant.

Visitors to the national parks last year reached over half a million people but this travel, large as it is, is only in its infancy. The creation of new parks such as the Riding Mountain park recently set aside in Manitoba, the extension and improvement of federal and provincial motor highways now under way will provide new stimuli for travel and, incidentally, bring in new wealth to the parks. Expenses of visitors to the parks range from a few dollars a day to as high as \$100 per day. One visitor to the Canadian West last year revealed that in addition to hotel and transportation expenses his party of four had spent \$6,000 during a three week visit, most of it with retail firms. Every new park created becomes an addition to our capital stock and increases our power of attracting tourists. It helps to swell the prosperity of the railway and steamship companies, hotels, lodges, restaurants and wholesale merchants, and in fact spreads out so as to affect every trade and industry.

The name national park has come to stand for such a high degree of excellence that once an area is set aside as a park, travel tends to flow to it in ever-increasing volume. Both in the return they can give in health and happiness and in actual economic results the national parks must become an increasing national asset.

New Method For Making Shoes

Factory methods used in mass production of automobiles are being introduced into leading shoe factory of Erfurt, Germany. The footwear is fabricated as it is transported on trays through the factory. The inventor claims the method will reduce costs and increase production.

Submarines cables of the world now have a total of 300,000 miles.



"You look prosperous. What work do you do?"

"I make worm holes in antique furniture." —Karlukaturen, Oslo.



Drowsiness is dangerous.

Weary miles seem shorter and the day is brightened when you have Wrigley's with you.

Its sugar pep's you up. Its delicious flavor adds to any enjoyment.

A five cent package
is safety insurance.



CONSTIPATION COMPLETELY GONE*

*With "Fruit-a-lives" you can stop constipation, indigestion, gas and overeating with "Fruit-a-lives".

Complete relief from constipation is now quiet. Get "Fruit-a-lives" from druggists today.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

No more British trainees will be placed on Ontario farms by the province. The government announced the experiment had not proved satisfactory.

Sergeant-Major William J. Clement, Guelph's oldest soldier, celebrated his 93rd birthday, April 22. He has spent a lifetime in the army, yet has never seen a single battle.

Robert Bridges, poet laureate of England, died in London, April 21. Mr. Bridges, who had been poet laureate since 1915, was 86 years old. His works were known all over the world.

Official announcement has been made for rendition of Weihaiwei, a British leasehold in Shantung, back to China. The agreement was signed by Sir Miles Lampson, British minister, and C. T. Wang, Chinese foreign minister.

Coming to the end of their long road, the delegates of the great five naval powers affixed their signatures to an historic treaty limiting and reducing the navies of three of them and placing certain restrictions upon the sea forces of the other two.

If the luck of certain Port Burwell, Ont., fishermen keeps up, housewives soon may be ordering goldfish from the fish market. Playing in Lake Erie, about a mile west of the harbor, the fishermen brought in a live goldfish, about eight inches in length, in their nets.

When Lord Byng returns to England, he will apparently resume his duties as chief commissioner of Metropolitan Police and head of Scotland Yard. He has been staying with a friend near Port Elizabeth, S.A., recuperating from his serious illness of last December.

A Picturesque Ceremony

One of the most picturesque ceremonies held in Rome, Italy, this year, was on the feast of St. Agnes, when the blessing of the lambs was observed. White veiled girls carried the garlanded animals from the flocks of which is woven the pallium worn by Roman archbishops through the streets in procession before the blessing.

Ninety per cent of the people now in Manchuria are Chinese.

FAINT, DIZZY SPELLS Had To Sleep Popped Up In Bed

Mrs. Norman Bishop, Salisbury, N.B., writes: "I was troubled with fainting, dizzy spells and when I lie down I would suffer terribly with smothering spells. I got so bad I had to sleep propped up in bed."

"I slept poorly at night and my heart and nerves, and that I needed a good heart tonic."

"I was advised to take



and I had not taken one box when I could lie down and sleep like a child."

Price, 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers. Send direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

W. N. U. 1835

News For Horse Lovers

Statistics Show They Are Hard To Displace

That farmers all over the world realize the advantages of horses for agricultural work, is shown by the following figures, published by the National Horse Association:

In 1788 the only horses in Australia were one stallion, three mares and a colt. In 1800 they had increased to 230; in 1850 to 159,951, and now there are 2,250,861.

In Great Britain there are 1,204,188 horses engaged in agriculture.

Despite the enormous depletion of horses in France during the war, there are now 3,000,000 in that country.

Although millions of pounds have been spent in the United States trying to dispense them, there are 20,000,000 horses and mules in the country.

Germany has 3,805,000 horses, excluding those attatched to the Army.

Irrigation Project a Success

Value Of Production In Lethbridge Area Greatly Increased

Farmers in the Lethbridge North Irrigation Project were very successful in 1929, according to the annual report tabled in the Alberta Legislature by Hon. W. V. Smith, Minister of Railways and Telephones.

The value of production that year was \$2,477,500, or an increase of \$932,257 over the year before. The occupied part of the Project is growing each year and now represents about half of the whole.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



(By Eva A. Tingey)



YOUTHFUL CHARM

All Tingey models are created and sketched in Paris and the patterns are made in New York.

Here's a darling frock for college girls and debutantes. It has a rounded bodice and softly draped skirt in a style adorable for slim young bodies. The collar and cuffs are charming too, easy to make and yet fascinating.

Flat silk crepe and wool crepe are lovely for this model, but another suitable and charming medium is muslin.

Imagine, for instance, soft green or scarlet marocain, with organdie patterned with cream tinted valenciennes lace.

Another extremely pretty way of treating the collar and cuffs is to use organdie with ruffles of narrow muslin. This combination can be purchased with a tiny metal edge which makes a most attractive finish.

Of course a bought collar and cuff set can be worn with this model.

This pattern may be obtained in sizes 14 to 20 and 24 to 39. It is \$1.00 for immediate delivery. It is hand cut.

Pattern price 25 cents. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address Patent Department.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

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Name Town

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People who prize the finer things of life usually demand Red Rose Orange Pekoe Tea. A money-back guarantee with every package.

RED ROSE TEA

"is good tea"

RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good

In the best package—Clean, bright aluminum

SILVER RIBBONS

BY
CHRISTINE WHITING
PARKERMENT

Copyright 1929

CHAPTER X.—Continued.

"I wonder who wove you," she mused dreamily. "You must have seemed almost a part of him as the weeks passed and he saw your loveliness unfold. Did he dread the finishing of his task, I wonder, knowing that at its end he must give you up forever? And did he know that when he was only a memory his work would live, cherished by some one thousands of miles from its own birthplace?"

She stooped, to brush a hand over the silky surface.

"I think you were woven on an old, old loom," she murmured. "You were, perhaps, the only beautiful thing in some humble room. I think that little children watched you grow, and touched you with small, reverent fingers. I think . . ."

"A trip over beyond South Wickfield, to see about a mortgage for the bank. Thought you might go with me, it's a bally day."

"So it is," she replied regretfully, with a second longing glance toward the open door, "but I've just refused to go with the two M.D.'s because of extra lot of duties."

"Let 'em wait a day longer. If I could cut out one of those M.D.'s I'd give up a ray of light in the surrounding gloom."

"Better take your mother," suggested Charmian, making an unsuccessful effort to suppress a smile.

"She can't go. I—"

"Oh, I'll second fiddle! I wonder Jim and the girl ever be anything else to you?"

Instantly, Charmian would have given wordless to recall these words. A look sprang into Jim Bennett's face that brought back an almost forgotten memory—the same look that had swept over his countenance, when as a small boy he had been reproved by the teacher because . . .

In a flash the whole scene came back to her: the old schoolroom with its familiar odor born of chalk and much-thumbed books—Jim, back at his desk for the first time since his father's funeral—the class standing to read, "O Captain, my Captain," and a cruel fate bringing to the turn those words:

"My Captain does not answer, his lips are pale and still, My father does not feel my arm, he has no pulse or will . . ."

And Jim, white-faced, thin-lipped, had refused to read! He had been sent home in disgrace, carrying a sharp reprimand from a teacher who saw in the defiant pupil only an unruly little boy. It was Charmian Davis who opened her eyes to the true nature of things, when, as the doors closed behind the white-faced culprit, she had burst into a passion of sympathetic tears.

"Don't you see," she sobbed, "he couldn't read it without crying?"

His own father had died the other day . . . And he couldn't cry right before the whole school, could he? So . . . so . . .

It said for the teacher that she cried herself, when brought face to face with her own thoughtlessness. Later she told Grandma Davis that she had received a lesson she never could forget. And now, years afterward, the scene came back to Charmian with fresh poignancy, and she knew that, somehow, she had hurt the grown-up Jim in the same way he had been hurt on that long-gone day when the teacher misunderstood: Was it possible that she, too, misunderstood him?

Jim, who had thrown his hat on the doctor's desk, reached for it, and, ignoring her carelessness, started toward the door. But Charmian, always quick to acknowledge a mistake, barred the way, and the surprised young man felt her hand slip up into his pocket.

"Jimmy, I hurt you, didn't I? I didn't know what made me such a beast. Just for that I'm going to drop everything and go ride with you. John Carter can eat cold beans till

noon, for all I care! Just wait till I tell Grandpa and—"

Jim laughed a queer, choky little laugh that she knew came hard. "Don't be an idiot!" he said. "You haven't hurt me, Charmian, and I won't have you going just for that reason. Honestly, I don't want you to go now. I've got things to mull over in my mind, and you're a disturbing influence. Run along and get your work done. I'm all right."

"But I'm not," smiled the girl. She was gently propelling him out of the doctor's office and toward the house. "I feel the need of air and sunshine, and it's your duty to see that I get it. You talk to Grandma while I set the dinner-table. I won't feel so hurried to get back."

She was away, leaving him standing at the door of the old parlor where Grandma Davis was keeping her accustomed vigil.

"Hello, sonny," she greeted him. "What you doing away from the band this time o' day?"

The young man, sensing that this question was a serious matter to the girl, looked down at the rug thoughtfully. "I'm not well, you know—
at the candlesticks upon the mantel, and at last came back to the anxious eyes of his old playmate. "Yes, I like it, Charmian; but I was wondering if what pleased me wasn't, maybe, just the whole thing. It looks like you, somehow! This room, I mean. That's why I like it, I suppose," he added seriously. "If you were to hang ten-cent muslin at the windows, and put an American rug with a blue dog in the middle of it like Lizzie Baker's, on the floor, I'd think it was all right because you said so. In some ways, Charmian, I'm a damn fool."

The girl laughed, though she was secretly touched; and asked: "What brings you out this hour of the morning?"

"Gosh! I'll say I was!"

Jim laid his hand carefully on Charmian's setting the table in the room beyond, breathed a sigh of relief, and called: "What's happened? Is it so funny?"

"It wasn't funny for Lizzie Baker," replied Grandma. "You leave that table, dearie. If you're late back the doctor can set it himself; and you mustn't keep Jim waiting. There's nothing irritates a man like being kept waiting."

"The table's set; and I won't keep him waiting a minute longer. Ready, Jim?"

He nodded, rising slowly as if he planned to take his eyes from the picture the girl made as she seated, with the dusky hall as a background for her blue gown. A pink scarf across her arm added a splash colour that matched her cheeks; and if the young man had been slow to appreciate the beauty of an oriental rug, he was certainly not slow to appreciate the charm of his old playmate.

"Where's your hat?" asked Grandma. "You're not going clear to South Wickfield without a hat!"

Charmian laughed.

"I most surely am! After the gorgeous green dress that I'm accustoming myself to, I've got another—"

"Shucks!" broke in Grandma. "Your old black straw with the pink roses is enough sight prettier than that—"

Words failed her, and the two young people laughed as Jim responded: "Don't worry, Grandma. She doesn't need a hat—not with all that 'woman's crowning glory' to keep off the draughts. Come on, Charmian. We'll have to break the speed laws if I get you back in time to cook dinner for your boarder."

"Don't you do any reckless driving," warned Grandma, "and when you go past the Bascombs' you stop and get that mail order catalogue I lent to Emmy. She's liable to forget to return it."

(To Be Continued.)

Does Not Always Work

Rich People Who Dress Poorly Sometimes Get Shabby Treatment

That the poor must dress smartly while the rich can dress as they like is a suggestion not borne out by the recent experience of one of Britain's richest men, who was turned away from a hotel because he was dressed shabbily.

As a matter of fact,

his income is about \$4 a minute, and the wage-bill of his domestic staff over £200 a week. Well known on the Scottish golf links, he has been pulled up more than once by club colleagues who have noticed that the soles of his boots have seemed devious of parting company with the uppers.

It is said for the teacher that she cried herself, when brought face to face with her own thoughtlessness.

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"The table's set; and I won't keep him waiting a minute longer. Ready, Jim?"

"I most surely am! After the gorgeous green dress that I'm accustoming myself to, I've got another—"

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"Don't you do any reckless driving," warned Grandma, "and when you go past the Bascombs' you stop and get that mail order catalogue I lent to Emmy. She's liable to forget to return it."

(To Be Continued.)

Rich People Who Dress Poorly Sometimes Get Shabby Treatment

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THE CHRONICLE, CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA

DENTIST

Dr HARVEY D. DUNCAN
218a - 10 Ave. W., opposite Palace
Theatre, Calgary.

Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLCAN
of the firm of Millican & Millican, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lancaster Building, Calgary, will beat Treadaway & Springate's office, Crossfield on Saturday of each week for the general practice of the law.

MONEY TO LOAN PHONE 3

Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary Treasurer on the first Monday of each month commencing with February at the hour 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council,
W. McRory, Sec.-Treas.

W. K. GIBSON
INSURANCE

ALL LOANS Phone 68 Real Estate
Crossfield, Alberta

DENTIST

Dr. J. Milton Warren
Will be in Crossfield on Saturday of each week at the Olive Hotel
Also at Carstairs every Monday

Walter Major

Contractor and Builder
Estimates Given Plans Prepared
Alterations a Specialty.
Box 84 Crossfield

SPRING TIME

Now is the time to have that
Eavestroughing done. Let
me give a price.

J. L. McRory

Classified Advertisements:

I will have a great variety of bedding-out plants for the flower garden; also cabbage, cauliflower and celery a specialty
W. C. BROWN

Sampson Greenhouse
4-17-4t Phone 1012

WANTED--Brush cutting and breaking.
Runby engine. Can do good job.
Phone 1107--M. CASEY

FOR SALE--A few 12' and 25' gal. oil drums. Any one needing a small drum, for can use can buy these reasonable.
M. CASEY

FOR SALE--1 home-drawn Van Slyke
Brush Breaker. Phone 1403.

Reward WHEAT FOR SALE--Certificate 79-4316; germination test 94 per cent in six days. \$1.00 per bushel, dice cleaned.

A. E. NOAD Phone R204

FOR SALE OR TRADE FOR STOCK--
1 Titan Tractor, Ford 1 ton truck,
6 h.p. engine, Wagon and tank (nearly new.) Apply to
A. LOUGHEED, Phone 1313

FOR SALE--White Holland Turkey eggs from heavy stock, 9 for \$1.80.
M. LONG, Phone R 511

FOR SALE--Bronze Turkey eggs for hatching, 25c each; also Pure Bred Barred Rock eggs at 15 for 5c.
Phone 502, Crossfield

FOR SALE--4 Pure Bred Poland Chion gilts.
Phone E 117

Marcel Haircut
Having had three years experience, I guarantee my work to be first class.

Ladies' Spring Suits and Coats Dry Cleaned and Pressed. Prices right.

Mrs. G. Gazeley



PROVINCE OF ALBERTA

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the present regulations governing the operation of freight vehicles insofar as it applies to the filing of monthly returns is cancelled.

Dated at Edmonton this 18th day of April, 1930.

J. E. BROWNLEE,
Provincial Secretary
E. TROWBRIDGE,
Deputy Provincial Secretary

The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907
Published at Crossfield, Alberta
W. H. Miller, Manager and Editor
Subscription \$1.50 Per Year
U.S.A. Points \$2.00
Local advertising
Monthly Contract 25c per inch.
All advertisement changes of copy
must be in hands of printers by noon
Tuesday or no change made or advertisements cancelled.

THURSDAY, MAY 1st.

Politics are rather quiet as yet. According to the Calgary Herald there are untearable aspirants in Calgary for the U.F.A. nomination for Cochrane Constituency.

Just as likely as not there are a dozen or more down in Calgary who are willing to sacrifice themselves on the altar of patriotic duty for \$2,000 a year.

The Dutton Company of Winnipeg have been awarded the contract for grading 30 miles of the branch line to be built out of here this summer. Several sub-contractors have been in town during the past week. It is expected that the contractors with their gangs of men and equipment will arrive here this week.

Mr. H. MacLean, C.P.R. civil engineer and his gang of men arrived here on Saturday, and will take up their residence in the Whitfield house for the summer while working on the new line.

Mr. Lewis right-of-way purchasing agent for the C.P.R. has been in the district for several days and has been out purchasing the required land from the farmers who are fortunate, or unfortunate enough to have the coming railway run through their farms.

About an inch and a half of rain fall during the past week has held up seeding operations to some extent. Wheat seeding is practically completed. About 20 per cent of the oats and barley have been sown.

Old-timers of the district tell us that conditions never looked better.

What About a Local Glider Club?

This question has been seriously considered by a few local people. As they point out the young people are more or less disinterested, such a club would provide a very good educational enterprise.

It is the rage of the present day younger set to belong to a Glider Club. Every College in the United States and England boasts of one or more Glider Clubs. Every town and every village has a number of enthusiasts who are formed into such a club.

For the benefit of those who are not so enlightened on the subject perhaps it would be fitting to make a brief explanation. A glider is an aeronautical vehicle which closely resembles the well-known aeroplane. The difference lies in that it does not possess a motor, but is operated the same as an airplane. As the vehicle has not a motor it stands to reason that it must obtain its operating power other than its own. The power required is provided by varied wind currents which it rides the same as a feather floating in mid-air.

A Glider Club is more desirable than an Astro Club, due to the fact that it takes less capital to swing it. The operating cost is practically nil. There is no gas or oil to buy and the initial cost is so low that an average individual can own and operate his own glider.

If such a Club were formed here, it would be the first small town Glider Club in Western Canada, if not in all Canada, and it would put Crossfield on the map as the most progressive town along the line.

So why not put this over big and make greater the great name of Crossfield. We can do it under the guidance of a man who resides in our midst who is an old hand at this.

It is not confined to men and boys but the girls and young women also are keen boosters. So let's go gang and bring some real fun and enjoyment to Crossfield. Perhaps our local Board of Trade will help us out in this. So what about a local Glider Club. If not why not not?

L. LENNON
P. S. Anyone interested may get in touch with Mr. C. S. Casey or the writer of this article.

Local and General

Send in your local news. Thanks.

Mrs. N. A. Johnson is spending a few days in Calgary this week.

Tennis Dance in the U.F.A. Hall on Monday, May 8th. Snappy music.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Laut spent Monday in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Baker and son Arthur spent the week-end in Calgary.

Mrs. R. Whiffield of Alix is renewing acquaintances in town this week.

The Hewitt family moved into the Nerland house the first of the week.

Mr. T. G. Sefton was a business visitor in Calgary on Monday.

Arnold, high left for Calgary on Sunday, where he has secured employment.

Livery license plates as well as passenger car plates can now be secured at the post office.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Tredaway and daughters motored to Calgary on Friday.

Mrs. C. Malond left on Tuesday morning for Victoria, B.C., where she was called owing to the death of her father.

Miss Ina Fraser was taken to Calgary on Wednesday to undergo an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Cruickshank and daughter Florence, motored to High River on Sunday.

Pupils of Vera Metheral will present a recital in the U.F.A. hall, Friday, May 23, at 8.15 p.m. Everyone welcome.

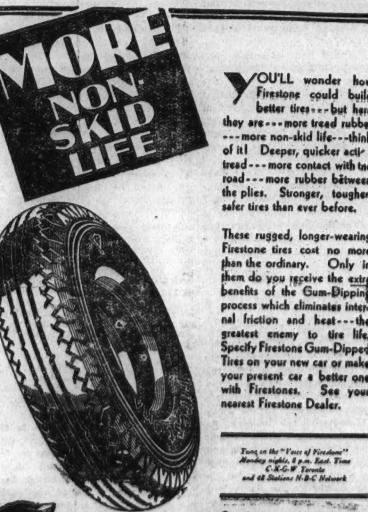
Mary Ann Gazley who has been spending the Easter holidays at her home here, left on Sunday for Calgary to resume her studies at Commercial High School.

Mr. W. McRory has a lot of permanent plants which he has for sale at very reasonable prices. The proceeds of the sale of these plants will be given to the Sick Children's Hospital at Calgary.

W. Gillson has received the contract for extending the storm sewer from Smith Street south to the slough. The contract price was \$75,000 and work has already commenced.

We are glad to report the Regie Belschaw who has been sick with pneumonia is now making rapid progress towards recovery. Leslie Spivey is also on the mend after an attack of the flu.

Previously acknowledged: 111.00
L. A. Jarman 5.00
L. B. Thomas 1.00
Everett Bills 5.00
W. Blackadder 2.00
A. McMillan 2.00
B. Mobbs 2.00
R. T. Amery 5.00



FIRESTONE
GUM-DIPPED TIRES

FOR SALE IN CROSSFIELD BY
The SERVICE GARAGE

W. J. Wood Telephone 11

Local and General

Don't forget the play-ground equipment fund.

Mrs. J. R. Gilchrist and Mrs. W. Walcock spent Wednesday in Calgary.

"Shorty" Thomas has his chest swelled out again, after disposing of Guy Gazeley and several other American rummy sharks. Shorty claims that luck has no chance against science.

We notice amongst the list of graduates from the General Hospital, Calgary, taking part in graduating exercises to be held on Thursday of this week the name of Miss Clara R. Stewart.

All stores and business places in town will be closed on Wednesday afternoon, May 7. This is the beginning of the weekly Wednesday half-holiday and will be continued throughout the summer months.

Tom Lorimer of Lacombe spent Wednesday in town visiting Glen Williams. Mr. Lorimer is one of Western Canada's outstanding curlers and it was through his catching that Glen got to be such a mean son-of-a-gun with a rock.

Mrs. T. G. Sefton and daughter Irene returned on Tuesday from Calgary, where Irene underwent an operation to have her tonsils removed, and although quite ill for several days is now progressing favorably.

Quite a number of trees have been planted in town this week. We noticed Bill Pogue, planting a number of North-West poplars, Frank Purvis and Dan Fike planting honey-suckle around the Purvis residence; whilst Milt McCool and Chris Asmusen were busy planting the aristocratic blue spruce. We have not heard of any of the latter variety being grown in our midst. Whilst Dr. West was busy planting some of his favorite rose bushes.

Play Ground Equipment Fund Grows.

The following donations have been received by Mr. Halliday, during the past week for the play ground equipment fund.

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B. Mobbs 2.00
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YOU'LL wonder how Firestone could build better tires--but here they are--more tread rubber--more non-skid life--think of it! Deeper, quicker action--more contact with the road--more rubber between the piles. Stronger, tougher, safer tires than ever before.

These rugged, longer-wearing Firestone tires cost no more than the ordinary. Only in them do you realize the extra benefit of the Gum-Dipping process which eliminates internal friction and heat--the greatest enemy to tire life. Specify Firestone Gum-Dipped Tires on your new car or make your present car a better one with Firestones. See your nearest Firestone Dealer.

Tired of the "Tires of Firestone"? Monday night, 8 p.m. East Time C.G.E.T. Broadcast and 8 Stations B.C. Network

OBITUARY

George Wilkie Hunt Howden, 26 years of age, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Howden, who farms 14 miles south-east of Crossfield, died Saturday morning at the Holy Cross hospital; following an illness of several months.

Mr. Howden was born in Stratton, Edinburgh, Scotland, and came to Canada 9 years ago with

his parents.

Funeral services were held in the United Church at Crossfield on Monday afternoon at three o'clock; interment followed in the Crossfield cemetery.

Pilot Lovesteth of Edmonton was forced down here with his plane on Sunday owing to bad weather. He was able to resume his journey on Monday morning.

Your Nearest Creamery

IS CARSTAIRS

THE TRAIN SERVICE IS EXCELLENT

If you ship a can on the morning train you will receive your cheque and can return train on same day.

The personal attention of the manager will be given every can.

TRY US WITH YOUR NEXT CAN
CARSTAIRS CREAMERY

S. G. Collier, Manager

ONE ROAD TO INDEPENDENCE

Alberta 4 p.c.

Demand Saving Certificates

DENOMINATIONS, \$5.00 to \$10,000.00 PAYABLE ON DEMAND

For further particulars write or apply to

HON. R. G. REID

Provincial Treasurer

W. V. NEWSON

Deputy Pro. Treasurer

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, EDMONTON, ALBERTA

I have something of interest to offer you.

THERE IS A

Reduction of \$40 on our 20-30 Tractor

Which makes it the most tractor for the money on the market today.

Also a limited number of 3-furrow 14 inch power lift Tractor Plows which we are selling at \$125.00

See your local Massey-Harris Dealer

H. H. GORDON

Phone 22

Local Agent

Crossfield

The New Meat Market

THE HOME OF
QUALITY MEATS

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